

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Product Identifier

Product form Substance

Trade name Ultra Guard Diesel Fuel Conditioner & Anti-Gel

Product Number(s) 80-657

Relevant Uses

Uses of Mixture: Diesel Fuel Anti-Gel, Cleaner, and Conditioner

Supplier Details

Manufacturer Name Kimball Midwest
Address: 4800 Roberts Road
City, State, Zip Columbus, OH 43228

Phone 800-233-1294

Emergency Contact

Emergency Number Chemtrec Emergency Tel # 800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS Classifications:

Physical, Flammable Liquids, 3
Health, Acute toxicity, 4 Oral
Health, Acute toxicity, 4 Dermal
Health, Acute toxicity, 4 Inhalation

Health, Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure, 3

Health, Carcinogenicity, 2 Health, Aspiration hazard, 1

Health, Skin corrosion/irritation, 1 C

Environmental, Hazards to the aquatic environment - Chronic, 2

2.2 Label Elements





Signal Word (GHS-US) Hazzard Statements (GHS-US)

Danger

Flammable liquid and vapor

Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin, or inhaled

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airway

Suspected of causing cancer

May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and met

Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces - No Smoking

Do not breathe vapors

Wash hands thoroughly after handling

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Obtain special instructions before use.

Response:

If swallowed: Immediately call a doctor

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/shower

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing

If exposed: Call a poison center/doctor

Rinse mouth

DO NOT Induce Vomiting

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse





If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction.

Storage

Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed. Keep Cool

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to licensed waste management site

Composition / Information on Ingredients 3.

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-------|
| Light Aromatic Solvent Napt | ha Mineral Spirits | 64742-95-6 | 75-85 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | | 95-63-6 | 5-15 |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | | 108-67-8 | 3-5 |
| Xylene | | 1330-20-7 | <1 |
| Cumene | | 98-82-8 | <.5 |
| Napthalene | | 91-20-3 | <.5 |
| Vinyl Acetate Monomer | | 108-05-4 | <.2 |
| Ethylbenzene | | | <.1 |

| 4. First Aid Measures | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| First-aid measures general : | Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Methanol is toxic and flammable. Take proper precautions to ensure your own safety before attempting rescue (e.g. wear appropriate protective equipment and remove any sources of ignition). |
| First-aid measures after inhalation : | Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Obtain medical attention. |
| First-aid measures after skin contact | Rinse skin with water/shower. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Get medical attention if needed. |
| First-aid measures after eye contact | Rinse immediately and thoroughly, pulling the eyelids well away from the eye (15 minutes minimum). Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Ensure that folded skin of eyelids is |





thoroughly washed with water. Obtain medical attention if pain,

blinking or redness persist.

First-aid measures after

ingestion

Rinse mouth with water and drink 2-4 cups of water. Do NOT induce

vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention. Never give anything by

mouth to an unconscious person.

Note to Physician: Activated charcoal may be administered.

4.2 Most Important

Symptoms

Symptoms may include: Irritation, Dermatitis, Nausea, Vomiting,

Diarrhea, Breathing difficulties

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Flammable Properties: As defined by OSHA, this product is a Class 3A flammable liquid.

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide (CO2)

Products of Combustion: Carbon dioxide (CO2), Carbon monoxide, Smoke, Fume, Unburned

hydrocarbons

Explosion Hazards: Containers, when exposed to heat from fire, may build pressure and

rupture. Use water to cool closed containers.

Protection of Fire-Fighters: Firefighters should wear self-contained, NIOSH-approved breathing apparatus for protection against suffocation and possible toxic decomposition products. Proper eye and skin protection should be provided. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool and to knock down vapors which may result from product decomposition.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions: Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

Environmental Precautions: Take precautions to prevent contamination of ground and surface waters. Do not flush into sewers or storm drains. If run-off occurs, notify the proper authorities as required, that a spill has occurred.

Methods for Containment & Clean-up: Eliminate all ignition sources. Dike area to contain spill. Ventilate the area with fresh air. If in confined space or limited air circulation area, clean-up workers should wear appropriate respiratory protection. Recover or absorb spilled material using an absorbent designed for chemical spills. Place used absorbents into proper waste containers.

7. Handling and Storage -

Handling Procedures: Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Keep away from sources of ignition. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, or grind containers. Handle with care and avoid spillage on the floor (slippage). Ground and bond containers when transferring





material. Avoid formation of aerosol. Do not breathe vapors/dust. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.

Storage Prodedures: Keep away from sources of ignition. Store in a tightly closed container. Containers which are opened must be carefully re-sealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Exposure Guidelines:

Distillates (pet), hydro-treated light

OSHA TWA: 500 ppm

Solvent naphtha (pet), me-dium aliph.

OSHA TWA: 500 ppm

1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE

ACGIH TWA: 25 ppm

1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE

ACGIH TWA: 25 ppm

XYLENE

OSHA TWA: 100 ppm OSHA STEL: 150 ppm

CUMENE

OSHA PEL: 50 ppm, 245 mg/m³

OSHA TWA: 50 ppm ACGIH TWA: 50 ppm NAPHTHALENE

OSHA PEL: 10 ppm, 50 mg/m³ OSHA TWA: 10 ppm, 50 mg/m³

OSHA STEL: 15 ppm VINYL ACETATE

OSHA TWA: 10 ppm, 30 mg/m³

OSHA STEL: 20 ppm ETHYLBENZENE OSHA TWA: 100 ppm OSHA STEL: 125 ppm ACGIH STEL: 125 ppm

Controls and Protection:

Engineering Controls: All ventilation should be designed in accordance with OSHA standard (29 CFR

1910.94).

Personal Protective Equip: Use of safety glassses and gloves are recommended.

Eye/face Protection: For normal conditions, wear safety glasses. Where there is reasonable

probability of liquid contact, wear splash-proof goggles.

Skin Protection: Use protective gloves such as nitrile or natural rubber. Also, use full protective

clothing if there is prolonged or repeated contact of liquid with skin.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties





Appearance : liquid

Colour : transparent, clear

Odour : characteristic, hydrocarbon-like, solvent-like

Odour Threshold : No data available pH : not applicable Freezing Point (Melting point/range) : <-70 °C (<-94 °F)

Boiling Point (Boiling point/boiling range) : $179 - 213.9 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (354 - 417.0 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$ Flash point : $61 - 66 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (142 - 151 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$

Evaporation rate : 0.04

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available Burning rate : No data available Upper explosion limit : 6.0 - 7.0 %(V)

Lower explosion limit : 0.7 - 0.8 %(V)

Vapour pressure : 0.32 - 0.5 mmHg @ 20 °C (68 °F)

Relative vapour density : > 1AIR=1

Relative density : 0.78 - 0.81Reference substance: (water = 1)

Density : 0.780 - 0.803 g/cm3@15 - 15.5 °C (59 - 59.9°F)

Bulk density : No data available Auto-ignition temperature : 233 - 315 °C

Viscosity, kinematic : 1.8 mm2/s @ 20 °C (68 °F)

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Product is stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid: High temperatures above 50 C (122 F) and open flame.

Materials to Avoid: May burn or react violently to flourine/oxygen mixtures.

11. Toxicological Information

Long-term toxicological studies have not been conducted for this product. The following information is available for components of this product:

Repeated skin contact with this product may cause dermatitis or an oil acne.

No component is listed as a carcinogen, mutagen, or teratogen.

SKIN EFFECTS:

Solvent Petroleum Naphtha, no deaths reported at 4 ml/kg (Rat). Slightly irritating (rabbit, 4 hour(s)).

Vinyl Acetate Monomer, Skin absorption LD50 is 2,335 mg/kg in rabbits.

ACUTE ORAL EFFECTS:

Solvent Petroleum Naphtha, LD50, 10 ml/kg in rats.

Oral LD 50 for Vinyl Acetate Monomer is 2,920 mg/kg in rats.

ACUTE INHALATION EFFECTS:

Solvent Petroleum Naphtha, no deaths at 710 ppm (v) (Rat) 4 Hour (s).



Vinyl Acetate Monomer, four hour inhalation LC50 is 4,000 ppm in rats.

12. Ecological Information

Avoid exposing to the environment, no specific aquatic data available

13. Disposal Considerations

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Do not flush to surface water or drains

14. Transport Information

IATA (International Air Transport Association): Not regulated as a dangerous good IMDG-Code:

Not regulated as a dangerous good

DOT (Department of

Transportation):

UN1268, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S., CBL, III

The flash point for this material is greater than 100 F (38 **Special Notes:**C). Therefore, in accordance with 49 CFR 173.150(f) non-

C). Therefore, in accordance with 49 CFR 173.150(f) non-bulk containers (<450L or <119 gallon capacity) of this

material may be shipped as non-regulated when

transported solely by land, as long as the material is not a hazardous waste, a marine pollutant, or specifically listed

as a hazardous substance.

15. Regulatory Information

OSHA Hazards : Combustible Liquid, Toxic by inhalation., Harmful

by ingestion., Harmful by skin absorption., Moderate skin irritant, Aspiration hazard

WHMIS Classification : B3: Combustible Liquid

D2B: Toxic Material Causing Other Toxic Effects

REGULATORY DISCLOSURES:

New Jersey Right to Know list:

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene, CAS #95-63-6, < 5 - 15%. 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene, CAS # 108-67-8, < 5 %.

Cumene, CAS # 98-82-8, < 0.5%. Xylene, CAS # 1330-20-7, < 0.5 %. Naphthalene, CAS# 91-20-3, < 0.5 %.

Pennsylvania Right to Know List:

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene, CAS #95-63-6, < 5 - 15%. 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene, CAS # 108-67-8, < 5 %. Cumene, CAS # 98-82-8, < 0.5%.

Xylene, CAS # 1330-20-7, < 0.5 %. Naphthalene, CAS# 91-20-3, < 0.5 %.

Canadian Disclosure List

1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE (95-63-6)





1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE (108-67-8)

CUMENE (98-82-8)

ETHYLBENZENE (100-41-4)

SARA Title III - Section 313

1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE (95-63-6)

XYLENE (1330-20-7)

CUMENE (98-82-8)

NAPHTHALENE (91-20-3)

VINYL ACETATE (108-05-4)

ETHYLBENZENE (100-41-4)

CERCLA Hazardous Substances

XYLENE (1330-20-7) -- RQ 1000 lb

CUMENE (98-82-8) -- RQ 5000 lb

NAPHTHALENE (91-20-3) -- RQ 100 lb

VINYL ACETATE (108-05-4) -- RQ 5000 lb

ETHYLBENZENE (100-41-4) -- RQ 1000 lb

RCRA Hazardous Substances

XYLENE (1330-20-7) -- RCRA Code: U239

CUMENE (98-82-8) -- RCRA Code: U055

NAPHTHALENE (91-20-3) -- RCRA Code: U165

Clean Air Act - Section 112

VINYL ACETATE (108-05-4)

Title V

1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE (95-63-6)

XYLENE (1330-20-7)

CUMENE (98-82-8)

NAPHTHALENE (91-20-3)

VINYL ACETATE (108-05-4)

ETHYLBENZENE (100-41-4)

SC Toxic Air Pollutants List

XYLENE (1330-20-7)

CUMENE (98-82-8)

NAPHTHALENE (91-20-3)

VINYL ACETATE (108-05-4)

ETHYLBENZENE (100-41-4)

NFPA:



HMIS III:

| HEALTH | 2 |
|------------------|---|
| FLAMABALITY | 2 |
| PHYSICAL HAZZARD | 0 |





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